

#### **Dynamic Hybrid (Cloud) Applications**

Introducing the INAETICS project



Bram de Kruijff Luminis Technologies



# INtelligent robust ArchitecturE for TIme Critical Systems

An open collaboration effort that aims to define and demonstrate a dynamic service oriented reference architecture that addresses the requirements of time critical systems in a broad range of domains by providing a single design and implementation space for all subsystems, irrespective of control strategy

### Open innovation



Define an open reference architecture based on a shared vision that can be applied freely in a broad range of domains.

- Implementations in Open Source
- Spearheaded and funded by...



UNIVERSITY OF TWENTE.









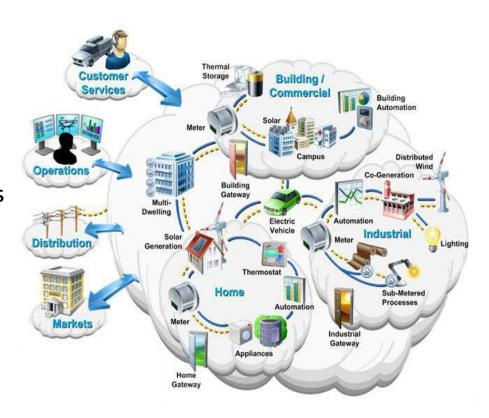


# Time Critical systems



(Ultra) Large Online Systems that must reliably perform mission-critical functions, bridging operational and informational domains.

- Multiple Control strategies
- Functional Adaptive behaviour
- Technologically heterogeneous
- Geographically dispersed



# Consistent design space



Define a unified design (and implementation) space across functional and technological domains that supports runtime evolution.

- Architectural consistency in systems design
- No architectural impedance between domains
- Runtime system evolution of deployments
- Adaptive system behaviour to context changes

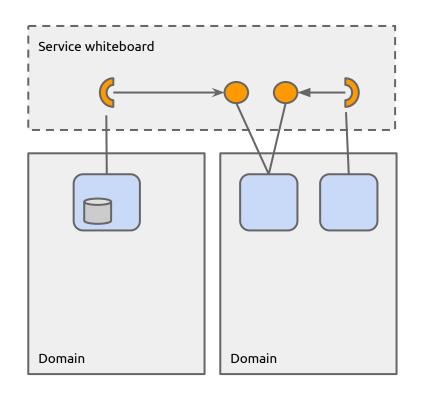


# **Dynamic Services Architecture**



Dynamic Services Architecture has the properties to address the requirements for Time Critical System domains.

- Consistent design space
  - Published contracts
  - Service lifecycle
  - Multiple paradigms
- Runtime system evolution
  - Semantic versioning
  - Modular implementation
  - Data stewardship
  - (Native) OSGi

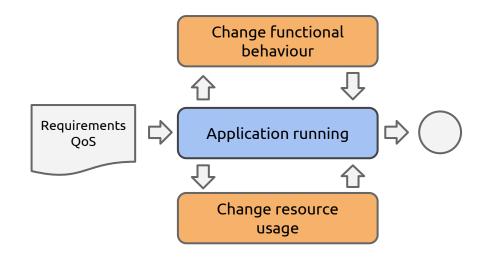


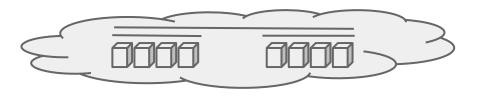
# Continuous Deployment



Application deployment is an autonomous and continuous process that optimizes the application's performance given the capabilities of the available resources and budget.

- Managed Requirements
  - (Non-) Functional / QoS
  - Budget
- Resource Capabilities
  - o (Non-) Functional / QoS
  - Cost
- Runtime metrics
  - Resource utilization
  - QoS reporting



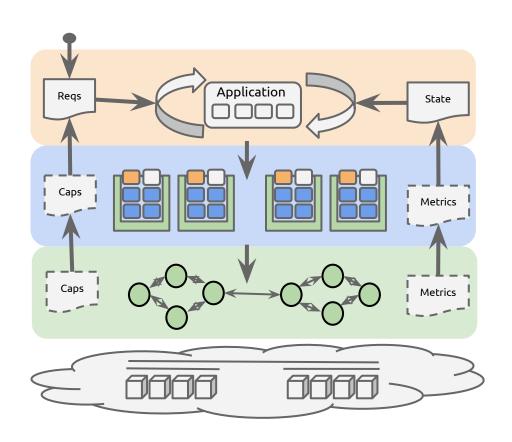


# Architectural layering



The INAETICS architecture acknowledges a functional service layering with distinct responsibilities to support architectural and system evolution.

- (Application services)
- Coordination services
- Container services
- Fabric services
- (Network/Resources)

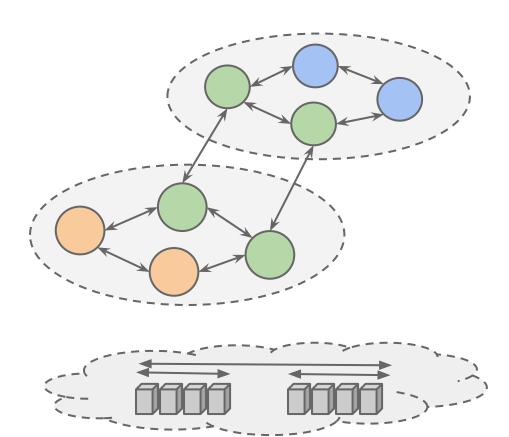


## Fabric layer



The fabric layer is an extensible resource and network abstraction layer. It provides the basic infrastructure for the system state and interaction.

- Peer-to-peer network
  - Nodes/Zones
  - Zone coordination
  - Messaging/Relays
- Node capabilities
  - Non-functional / QoS
  - Functional endpoints
  - Component containers

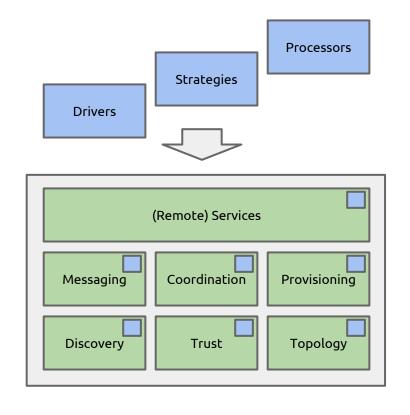


#### Node agents



The fabric is implemented by node agents that provide the core infrastructural services and base containers.

- Polyglot implementations
  - OSGi (Amdatu Platform)
  - Native OSGi (Apache Celix\*)
  - Custom/Embedded
- Core services
  - Discovery/Trust
  - Topology/Messaging
  - Role/Task coordination
  - Initial provisioning
  - Remotes Services



<sup>\*)</sup> Apache Celix is an ASF incubator project

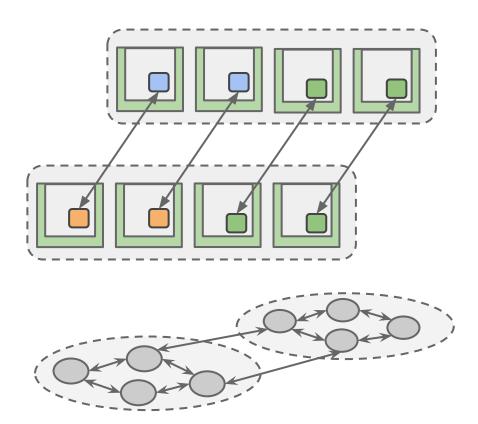
## **Container layer**



The container layer is an extensible application component layer. It provides life-cycle and context to application components.

- Component runtime
  - Provisioning
  - Application context
  - Supporting services
  - QoS monitoring

- Container capabilities
  - Non-functional / QoS
  - Functional endpoints
  - Multi-tenancy

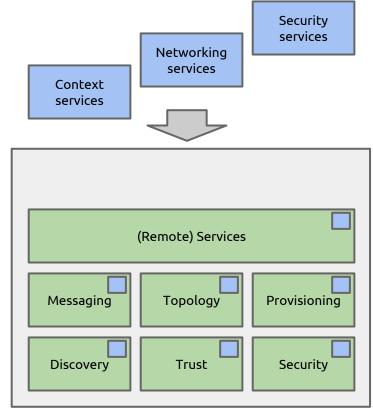


#### **Container services**



The container services are dynamic services provisioned onto node agents to support local application components with management, context and supporting services

- Provisioning
  - DeploymentAdmin
  - Apache ACE
- Application Context
  - Service visibility
  - Amdatu Platform
- Dynamic services
  - Networking services
  - Security services

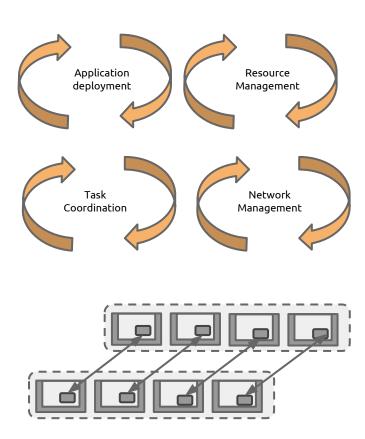


## **Coordination layer**



The coordination layer is an extensible application management layer. It provides deployment and monitoring of the system and applications.

- System management
  - Application deployment
  - Resource management
  - Network management
  - Security management
- Application support
  - Role/Task coordination
  - Priority based scheduling
  - Load balancing

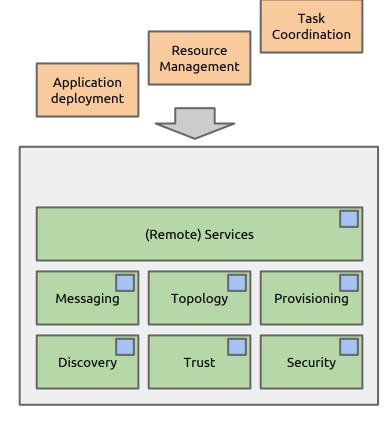


#### **Coordination services**



The coordination services are selectively provisioned onto node agents in the system to provide redundant, optimized and fail-safe coordination facilities

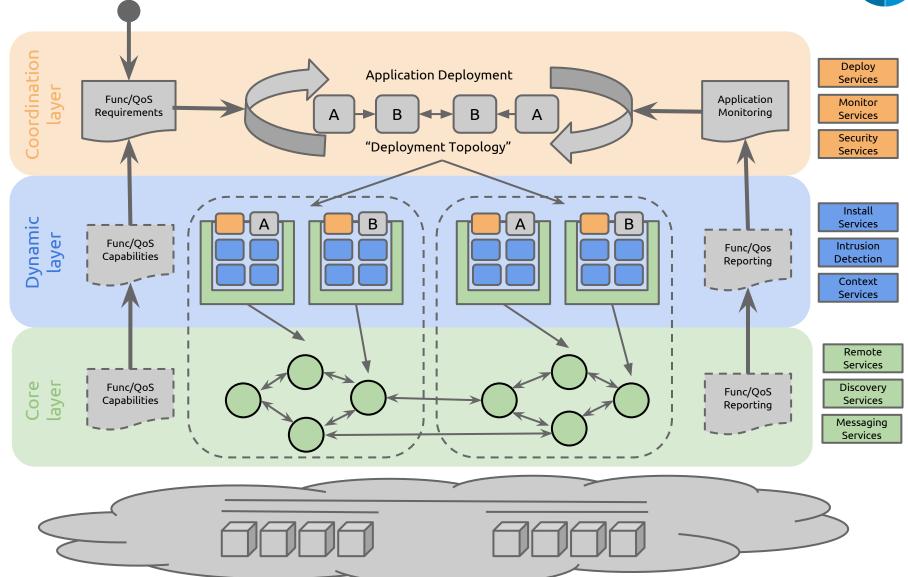
- Application deployment
  - Requirement/Capabilities
  - QoS Monitoring
- Resource Management
  - Apache JClouds\*
  - OpenStack
  - OpenContrail



<sup>\*)</sup> Apache JClouds is an ASF incubator project

## **Conceptual overview**





#### **INAETICS** is ...



- A dynamic services architecture that provides a single consistent design space across domain and technology boundaries
- A fully dynamic deployment, resource and network management model allowing QoS driven runtime adaptive behaviour of systems
- A runtime platform being implemented in OSGi and Native OSGi/C by the Amdatu Platform and Apache Celix Open Source projects
- ... under construction ;)





# Thank you!



Continuous Automated Deployment with Apache ACE Thursday at 11:15 - 11:50 Schubartsaal



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